

1. Assessment

- 1.a. Organizational assessment
- 1.b. Professional licensure
 - 1.b.i. Chartered engineer
 - 1.b.ii. Professional engineer
 - 1. Fundamentals of Engineering exam
- 1.c. Program evaluation
 - 1.c.i. Accreditation
 - 1. ABET
 - 2. Criteria
 - 1.c.ii. Advisory boards
 - 1.c.iii. Course assessment
 - 1.c.iv. External evaluation
 - 1.c.v. Multilevel program assessment
- 1.d. Student assessment
 - 1.d.i. Assessment tools
 - 1. Feedback
 - a. 360 degree
 - 2. Grades
 - a. Automated grading
 - b. Grading systems
 - c. Inflation
 - 3. Concept Inventory
 - 4. Portfolios
 - 5. Rubric
 - 6. Test format [syn: Exam format]
 - a. Multiple choice
 - b. Open ended tests
 - c. Practical examinations [syn: Clinical examinations]
 - d. Standardized
 - 1.d.ii. Knowledge gain
 - 1.d.iii. Knowledge retention
 - 1.d.iv. Performance
 - 1.d.v. Method
 - 1. Continuous
 - 2. Diagnostic
 - 3. Formative
 - 4. Peer review
 - 5. Outcomes based assessment
 - 6. Self assessment
 - 7. Summative
 - 1.d.vi. Setting
 - 1. Individual
 - 2. Group
 - 3. Online
 - 4. Workplace

2. Design

- 2.a. Design practice
 - 2.a.i. Ideation
 - 2.a.ii. Information gathering
 - 2.a.iii. Modeling
 - 1. Physical modeling
 - a. 3D modeling
 - b. Computer-aided design
 - c. Prototyping
 - i. Rapid prototyping
 - 2. Process modeling
 - a. Flowcharting
 - 2.a.iv. Needs analysis
 - 2.a.v. Problem definition
 - 2.a.vi. Product testing
- 2.b. Design projects
 - 2.b.i. Capstone projects [syn: Senior projects, Senior design]
 - 2.b.ii. Design competitions
 - 2.b.iii. Multidisciplinary design
- 2.c. Design process
 - 2.c.i. Human centered design [syn: User centered design]
 - 2.c.ii. Product archaeology [syn: Product dissection, Reverse engineering]
 - 2.c.iii. Product development
- 2.d. Design thinking

3. Diversity

- 3.a. Diversity concerns
 - 3.a.i. Bias
 - 3.a.ii. Discrimination
 - 3.a.iii. Equity
 - 3.a.iv. Inclusivity
 - 3.a.v. Multiculturalism
 - 3.a.vi. Student diversity
 - 3.a.vii. Underrepresentation [syn: Underrepresented students]
 - 3.a.viii. Workplace diversity
- 3.b. Types of diversity
 - 3.b.i. Gender
 - 1. Female [syn: Women, Girls]
 - 2. Male
 - 3. Transgender
 - 3.b.ii. Individual differences
 - 1. Learning styles
 - 2. Personality types
 - 3.b.iii. Nontraditional students
 - 1. Commuter students
 - 2. Part time students
 - 3. Transfer students
 - 4. Veterans
 - 3.b.iv. Race/Ethnicity
 - 3.b.v. Sexual orientation
 - 3.b.vi. Student background
 - 1. First generation
 - 2. International students
 - 3. Socioeconomic status
 - 3.b.vii. Students with disabilities

4. Educational level

- 4.a. Continuing education
- 4.b. Graduate education [syn: Postgraduate]
 - 4.b.i. Graduate
 - 1. Master's students
 - 2. PhD students [syn: Doctoral students]
 - 4.b.ii. Supervision
- 4.c. Higher education [syn: College, University]
- 4.d. P-12 [syn: P12, K-12, K12]
 - 4.d.i. Elementary school [syn: Primary school]
 - 4.d.ii. High school
 - 1. Advanced Placement courses
 - 2. Pre college preparation
 - 4.d.iii. Middle school
 - 4.d.iv. Preschool
 - 4.d.v. Pre-engineering
- 4.e. Postdoctoral studies
- 4.f. Undergraduate
 - 4.f.i. First year [syn: Freshmen, Freshman]
 - 1. First year curriculum
 - 2. First year experience
 - 4.f.ii. Junior
 - 4.f.iii. Senior
 - 4.f.iv. Sophomore

5. Educational setting

- 5.a. Engineering curriculum
- 5.b. Engineering fields
 - 5.b.i. Aerospace engineering
 - 5.b.ii. Architectural engineering
 - 5.b.iii. Biomedical engineering
 - 5.b.iv. Chemical engineering
 - 5.b.v. Civil engineering
 - 5.b.vi. Computer engineering
 - 5.b.vii. Computer science
 - 5.b.viii. Construction engineering
 - 5.b.ix. Electrical engineering
 - 5.b.x. Engineering technology
 - 5.b.xi. Environmental engineering
 - 5.b.xii. Humanitarian engineering
 - 5.b.xiii. Information technology
 - 1. Green engineering
 - 2. Sustainability
 - 5.b.xiv. Industrial engineering
 - 5.b.xv. Manufacturing
 - 5.b.xvi. Materials science and engineering
 - 5.b.xvii. Mechanical engineering
 - 5.b.xviii. Mechatronics engineering
 - 5.b.xix. Ocean engineering [syn: Marine engineering]
 - 5.b.xx. Nuclear engineering
- 5.c. Informal learning [syn: Outreach]
- 5.d. Institution type
 - 5.d.i. Baccalaureate institutions
 - 5.d.ii. Community colleges
 - 5.d.iii. Doctoral institutions
 - 5.d.iv. Hispanic serving institutions (HSIs)
 - 5.d.v. Historically black colleges/universities (HBCUs)
 - 5.d.vi. Master's institutions
 - 5.d.vii. Single gender campuses
 - 5.d.viii. Technical colleges
 - 5.d.ix. Tribal colleges
- 5.e. Learning environment
 - 5.e.i. Classroom
 - 5.e.ii. Co-curricular
 - 5.e.iii. COVID [syn: COVID-19, COVID19]
 - 5.e.iv. Extracurricular
 - 5.e.v. Honors programs
 - 5.e.vi. International programs
 - 5.e.vii. Laboratory
 - 5.e.viii. Learning communities
 - 5.e.ix. Maker space
 - 5.e.x. Pandemic
 - 5.e.xi. Studio
 - 5.e.xii. Undergraduate research

6. Educational technology [syn: E-learning]

- 6.a. Computer-based instruction [syn: Internet-based instruction]
 - 6.a.i. Games
 - 6.a.ii. Gamification
 - 6.a.iii. Educational software
- 6.b. Electronic communication
 - 6.b.i. Blog
 - 6.b.ii. Email
 - 6.b.iii. Groupware
 - 6.b.iv. Instant messaging
 - 6.b.v. Online discussions
 - 1. Web discussions [syn: Chat]
 - 2. Wikis
 - 6.b.vi. Online repositories
 - 6.b.vii. Social media
 - 6.b.viii. Streaming Media
 - 1. Streaming audio [syn: Podcast]
 - 2. Streaming video
- 6.c. Learning technology
 - 6.c.i. Adaptive computer learning
 - 6.c.ii. Learning management systems
 - 6.c.iii. Personal response system [syn: Clicker]
 - 6.c.iv. Simulation
 - 6.c.v. Mobile applications
 - 6.c.vi. Open Educational Resources
 - 6.c.vii. Pen and touch devices
 - 6.c.viii. Virtual reality
- 6.d. Learning modality
 - 6.d.i. Blended learning
 - 6.d.ii. Distance learning
 - 1. Asynchronous
 - 2. Massive Open Online Classes (MOOCs)
 - 3. Synchronous
 - 6.d.iii. Remote laboratory [syn: Virtual laboratory]

7. Instruction

- 7.a. Conceptual learning [syn: Conceptual change]
 - 7.a.i. Concept inventories
 - 7.a.ii. Concept maps
 - 7.a.iii. Misconceptions
 - 7.a.iv. Preconceptions
 - 7.a.v. Threshold concepts
- 7.b. Faculty [syn: Instructors]
 - 7.b.i. Faculty attitudes
 - 7.b.ii. Faculty development [syn: Educational development]
 - 1. Pedagogical content knowledge
 - 2. Reflective practice
 - 3. Teaching skills
 - 7.b.iii. Instructional role
 - 1. Adjunct
 - 2. Advisor
 - 3. Graduate teaching assistant
 - 4. Instructor
 - 5. Peer teaching assistant
 - 7.b.iv. Teaching philosophies
 - 7.b.v. Team teaching
- 7.c. Institutional change [syn: Institutional transformation, Organizational change]
 - 7.c.i. Evidence-based practice
 - 7.c.ii. Institutional culture
 - 7.c.iii. Instructional change
 - 7.c.iv. Research to practice
 - 1. Adoption
 - 2. Diffusion
 - 3. Dissemination
 - 4. Propagation
 - 7.c.v. Theories of change
- 7.d. Instructional design
 - 7.d.i. Alignment
 - 7.d.ii. Bloom's taxonomy
 - 7.d.iii. Course design
 - 7.d.iv. Backwards design
 - 7.d.v. Learning objectives
- 7.e. Instructional methods [syn: Pedagogy]
 - 7.e.i. Active learning
 - 1. Experiential learning
 - 2. Inquiry based learning
 - 3. Peer instruction
 - 4. Challenge based instruction
 - 7.e.ii. Critical pedagogy
 - 7.e.iii. Design based learning
 - 7.e.iv. Flipped classroom
 - 7.e.v. Lecture
 - 7.e.vi. Model-eliciting activities
 - 7.e.vii. Mutual learning models
 - 1. Collaborative learning
 - 2. Cooperative learning
 - 3. Team based learning
 - 7.e.viii. Problem based learning
 - 7.e.ix. Project based learning
 - 7.e.x. Service learning
- 7.f. Professional development
- 7.g. Teaching evaluations

8. Outcomes

- 8.a. Communication
 - 8.a.i. Audiences
 - 8.a.ii. Communication skills
 - 1. Nonverbal
 - 2. Verbal
 - a. Listening
 - b. Oral presentations
 - c. Speaking
 - 3. Visual communication
 - a. Engineering graphics
 - b. Illustrations
 - 4. Visualization [syn: Spatial skills]
 - 5. Written communication
 - a. Argumentation
 - b. Reading
 - c. Writing
 - 8.a.iii. Foreign languages
 - 8.a.iv. Technical communication
- 8.b. Competence
- 8.c. Computing skills [syn: Computing knowledge]
- 8.d. Computational thinking
- 8.e. Creativity
- 8.f. Critical thinking
- 8.g. Empathy
- 8.h. Engagement
- 8.i. Engineering standards
- 8.j. Entrepreneurship
- 8.k. Ethics
 - 8.k.i. Academic dishonesty [syn: Academic integrity]
 - 1. Plagiarism
 - 8.k.ii. Social justice
 - 8.k.iii. Social responsibility
- 8.l. Information literacy [syn: Information fluency]
- 8.m. Innovation
- 8.n. Intercultural competence [syn: Global]
 - 8.n.i. Cultural schemas
- 8.o. Leadership
- 8.p. Lifelong learning
- 8.q. Problem solving
- 8.r. Professional skills [syn: Soft skills]
- 8.s. Scientific literacy
- 8.t. Socio-technical thinking
- 8.u. Student perception
- 8.v. Student experience
- 8.w. Teamwork [syn: Team skills]
- 8.x. Reflection
 - 8.x.i. Critical reflection
- 8.y. Systems thinking

9. Professional practice

- 9.a. Careers
 - 9.a.i. Career choice
 - 9.a.ii. Career paths
- 9.b. Engineering profession
 - 9.b.i. Employers
 - 9.b.ii. Employment
 - 9.b.iii. Workplace culture
- 9.c. Engineering management
- 9.d. Industry involvement
 - 9.d.i. Cooperative education
 - 9.d.ii. Industry sponsorship
 - 9.d.iii. Internships

10. Recruitment and retention

- 10.a. Academic support
 - 10.a.i. Supplemental instruction
 - 10.a.ii. Tutoring
- 10.b. Achievement
- 10.c. Advising
 - 10.c.i. Academic advising
 - 10.c.ii. Coaching
 - 10.c.iii. Mentoring
 - 1. Peer mentoring
- 10.d. Preparation
- 10.e. Recruitment
 - 10.e.i. Engineering recruitment
 - 1. ~~Engineering pathways [syn: Engineering pipeline]~~
 - 10.e.ii. Matriculation
 - 10.e.iii. Enrollment
- 10.f. Retention
 - 10.f.i. Attrition
 - 10.f.ii. Persistence
 - 10.f.iii. Retention rate
 - 10.f.iv. Scholarships
 - 10.f.v. Time to degree
- 10.g. Study behaviors
 - 10.g.i. Study groups
 - 10.g.ii. Time management
- 10.h. Student development
 - 10.h.i. Absenteeism
 - 10.h.ii. Mental health
 - 1. Test anxiety
 - 2. Depression
 - 3. Stress
 - 10.h.iii. Physical health

11. Related fields

- 11.a. Engineering economics
 - 11.a.i. Employability
 - 1. Industry demand
- 11.b. Education policy
 - 11.b.i. Bologna process
 - 11.b.ii. Common core state standards
- 11.c. Mathematics
 - 11.c.i. Calculus
 - 11.c.ii. Complex numbers
 - 11.c.iii. Differential equations
 - 11.c.iv. Engineering mathematics
 - 11.c.v. Graphing
 - 11.c.vi. Linear algebra
 - 11.c.vii. Pre-calculus
 - 11.c.viii. Probability theory
 - 11.c.ix. Statistics
- 11.d. Philosophy of engineering education
- 11.e. Science
 - 11.e.i. Biology
 - 11.e.ii. Chemistry
 - 11.e.iii. Geoscience
 - 11.e.iv. Life science
 - 11.e.v. Physical science
 - 11.e.vi. Physics
 - 11.e.vii. Technology applications
- 11.f. STEM
- 11.g. Technology studies

12. Research approaches

- 12.a. Data collection
 - 12.a.i. Analytics
 - 12.a.ii. Focus groups
 - 12.a.iii. Interviews
 - 12.a.iv. Observations
 - 12.a.v. Multi-institution
 - 12.a.vi. Survey
- 12.b. Research ethics
 - 12.b.i. Ethical treatment of subjects
 - 12.b.ii. Professional research ethics
- 12.c. Research evaluation criteria
 - 12.c.i. Credibility
 - 12.c.ii. Dependability
 - 12.c.iii. Generalizability
 - 12.c.iv. Reliability
 - 12.c.v. Transferability
 - 12.c.vi. Trustworthiness
 - 12.c.vii. Validity
- 12.d. Research methods
 - 12.d.i. Action research
 - 12.d.ii. Design-based research
 - 12.d.iii. Mixed methods research
 - 12.d.iv. Multi-modal approaches
 - 12.d.v. Qualitative
 - 1. Case Study
 - 2. Content analysis
 - a. Discourse analysis
 - b. Document analysis
 - 3. Ethnography
 - 4. Grounded theory
 - 5. Narrative inquiry
 - 6. Phenomenology
 - 7. Phenomenography
 - 8. Photoelicitation
 - 12.d.vi. Quantitative
 - 1. Data correlation
 - 2. Descriptive statistics
 - 3. Experimental research
 - 4. Factor analysis
 - 5. Inferential statistics
 - 6. Psychometric analysis
 - 7. Regression
 - 8. Structural equation modeling
 - 12.d.vii. Systematic review
 - 1. Meta-analysis

13. Theoretical frameworks

- 13.a. Affective theories
 - 13.a.i. Emotion
 - 1. Emotional learning
 - 13.a.ii. Motivation
 - 1. Achievement goal orientation theory [syn: Deep learning, Mastery learning]
 - 2. Attribution theory
 - 3. Behavior theory [syn: Behaviorism]
 - 4. Expectancy Value theory
 - 5. Self-determination theory
 - 13.a.iii. Self efficacy
- 13.b. Cognitive theories
 - 13.b.i. Constructivist
 - 1. Expert-novice
 - 13.b.ii. Knowledge transfer
 - 13.b.iii. Self regulated learning
 - 1. Metacognition
- 13.c. Critical theory
 - 13.c.i. Intersectionality
- 13.d. Developmental theory
 - 13.d.i. Adult learning theory
 - 13.d.ii. Agency
 - 13.d.iii. Model of domain learning
 - 13.d.iv. Identity
 - 13.d.v. Perry's model of intellectual development
 - 13.d.vi. Piaget's theory of cognitive development
- 13.e. Epistemology
- 13.f. Social cognitive theories [syn: Social learning theory]
 - 13.f.i. Activity theory
 - 13.f.ii. Cognitive apprenticeship
 - 13.f.iii. Community of practice
 - 13.f.iv. Social cognitive career theory

14. Teams [syn: Groups]

- 14.a. Interdisciplinary
- 14.b. Mental models
- 14.c. Multidisciplinary
- 14.d. Self managing work teams
- 14.e. Team dynamics
 - 14.e.i. Nominal group technique
 - 14.e.ii. Team development [syn: Group development]
 - 14.e.iii. Team formation
 - 14.e.iv. Team performance
 - 14.e.v. Team roles
- 14.f. Teamwork training
- 14.g. Transdisciplinary
- 14.h. Virtual teams [syn: Distributed]